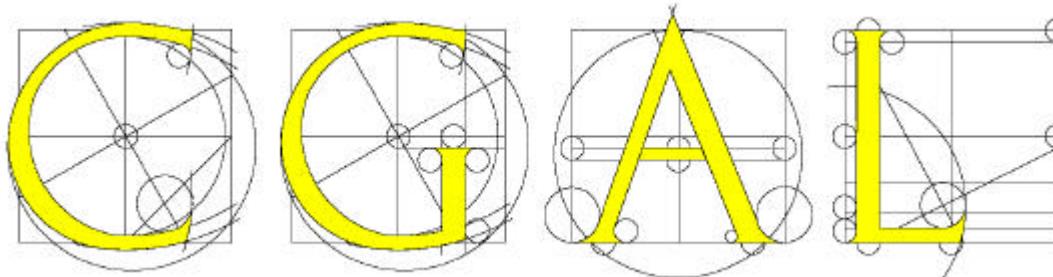




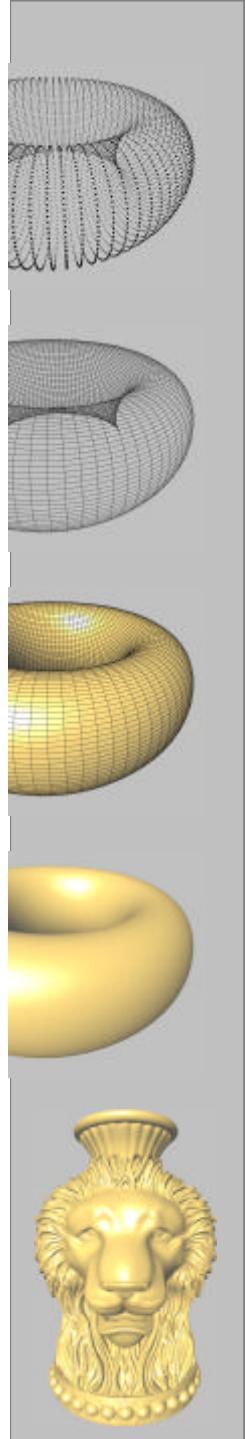
3D Polyhedral Surfaces in



Pierre Alliez



<http://www.cgal.org>

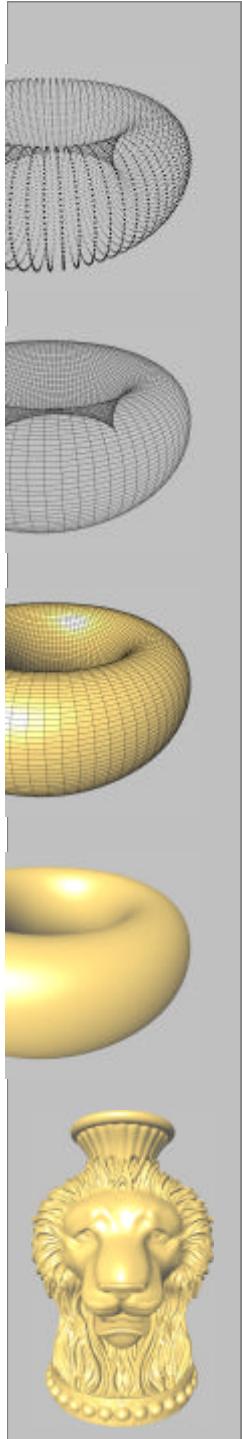


Outline

- Motivations
- Definition
- Halfedge Data Structure
- Traversal
- Euler Operators
- Customization
- Incremental Builder
- File I/O
- Examples
- Applications
- Exercises

<http://www.cgal.org>

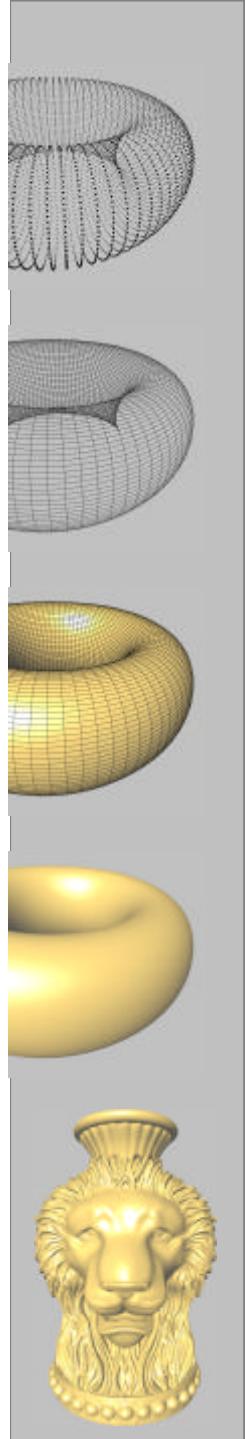




Motivations

From rendering...

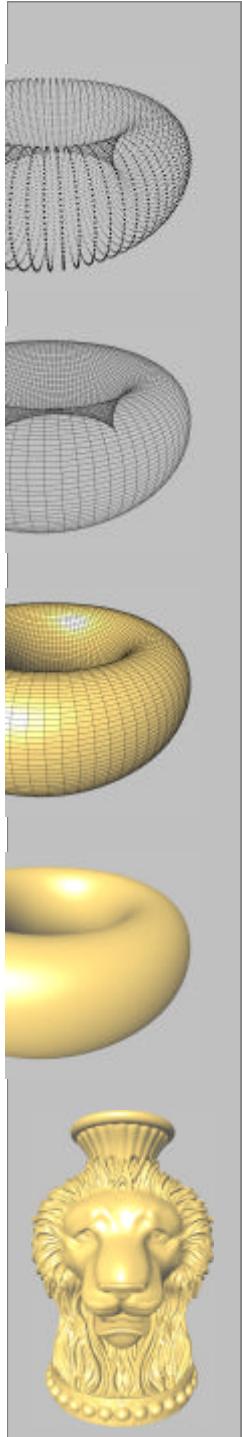
- Static
- Compact storage in array
- Traversal over all facets
- Attributes per facet/vertex



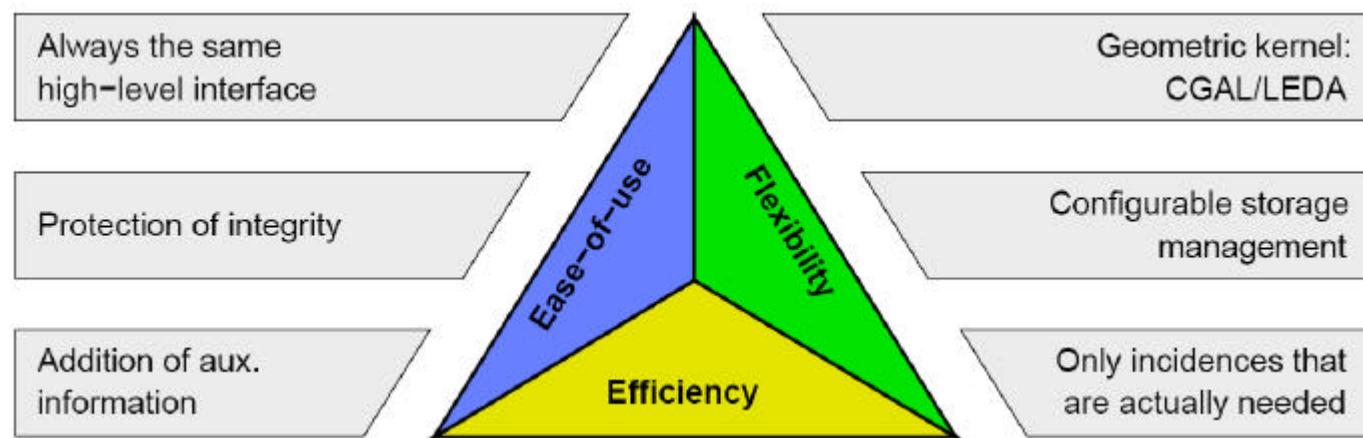
Motivations

...to algorithms on meshes

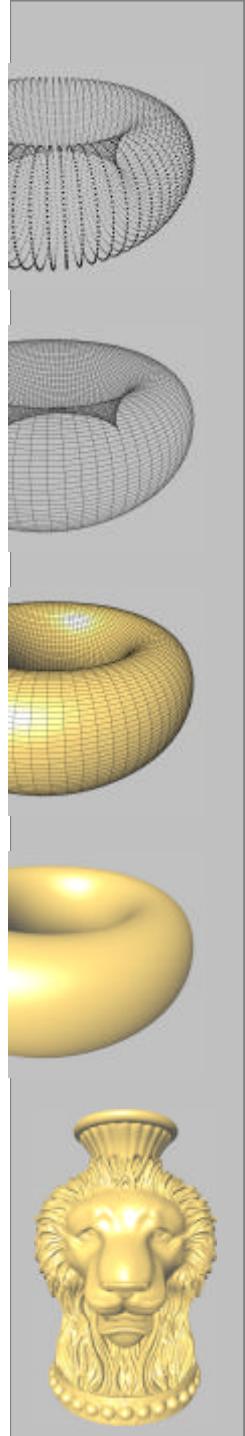
- Dynamic pointer updates
- Dynamic storage in lists
- Traversal over incidences



Design Goal

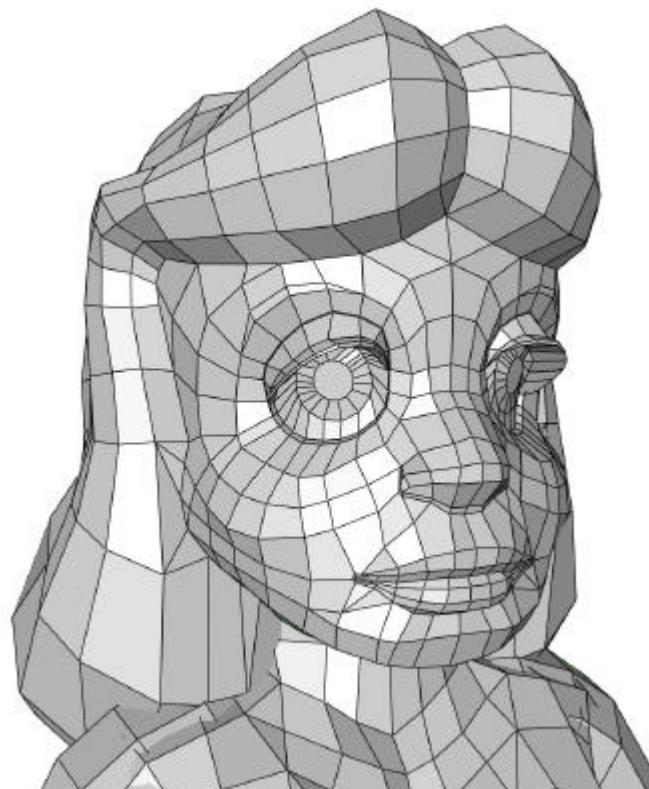


Method: paradigm of *Generic Programming*
Example: STL



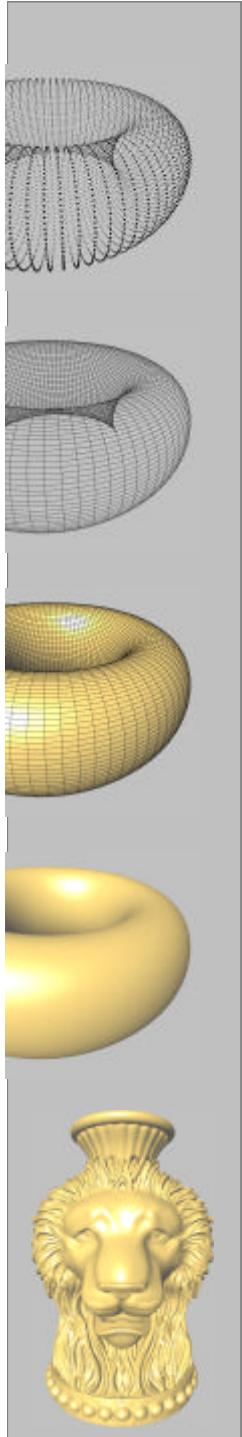
Definition

Polyhedral Surface: boundary representation of a polyhedron in IR^3 .



<http://www.cgal.org>





Polyhedral Surface

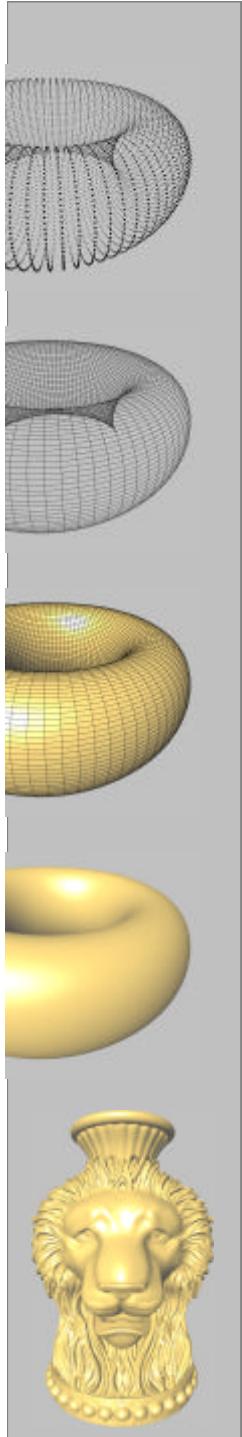
Represented by three sets V, E, F and an incidence relation on them, restricted to orientable 2-manifolds with boundary.

V = Vertices in \mathbb{R}^3

E = Edges, straight line segments.

F = Facets, simple, planar polygons without holes.

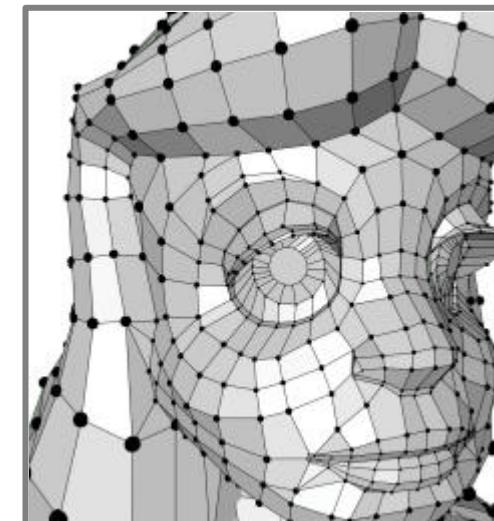
Can be extended: edges to curves, facets to curved surfaces.

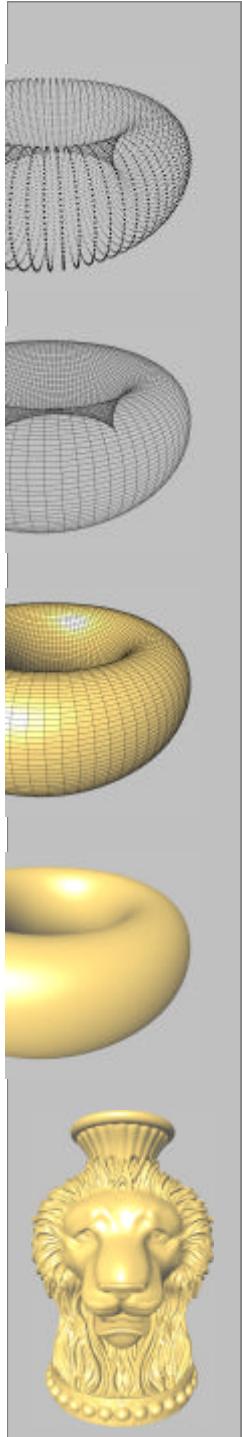


Polyhedral Surface

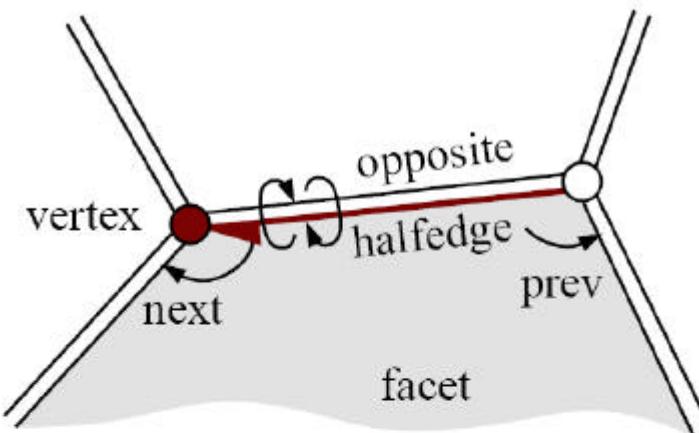
Represented by three sets V, E, F and an *incidence relation* on them, restricted to orientable 2-manifolds with boundary.

⇒ Edge-based data structure ?





Halfedge Data Structure



[Weiler 85], [Mäntylä 88], DCEL [de Berg,
van Krefeld, Overmars, Schwarzkopf 97]

Edge size: 4-10 pointers per edge

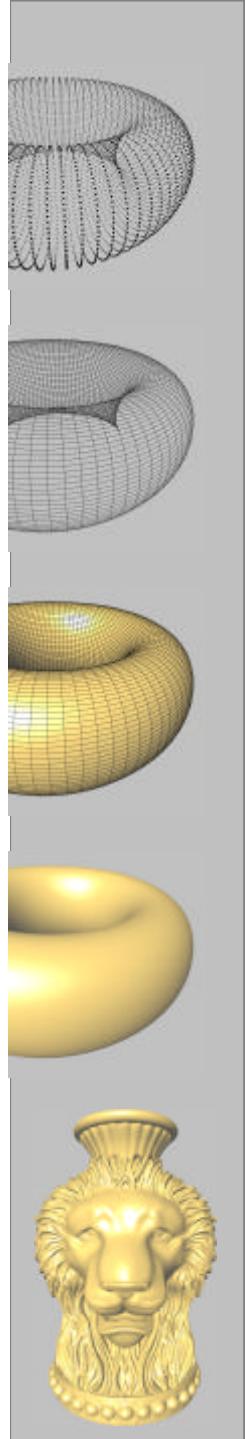
Ref. size: 1 pointer per reference

Efficiency: `succ_vertex(Edge e) := e.opp.next`
`succ_facet(Edge e) := e.next`

Note: Encodes oriented facets.

<http://www.cgal.org>

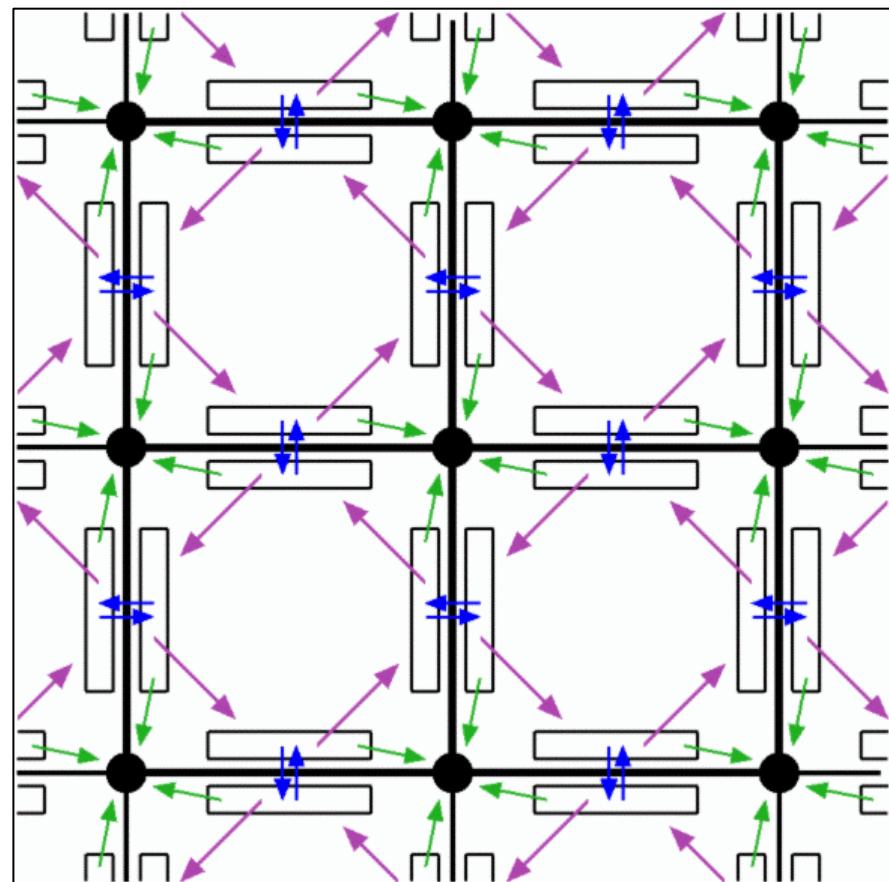


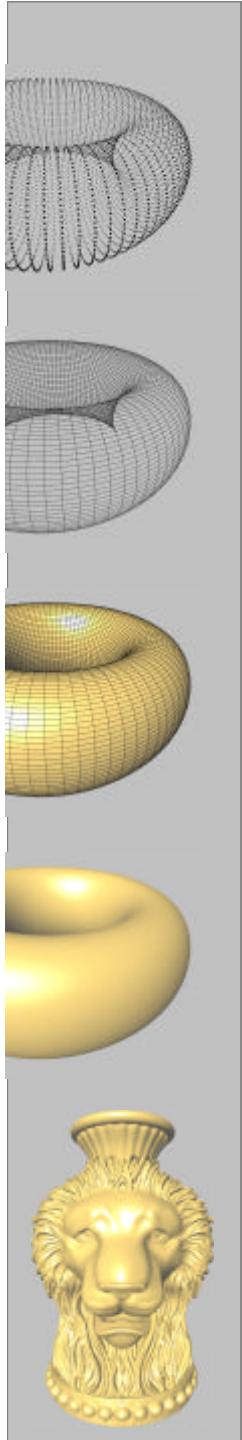


Halfedges

Require:
Oriented surface

Idea:
Consider 2/4 ways
of accessing an
edge





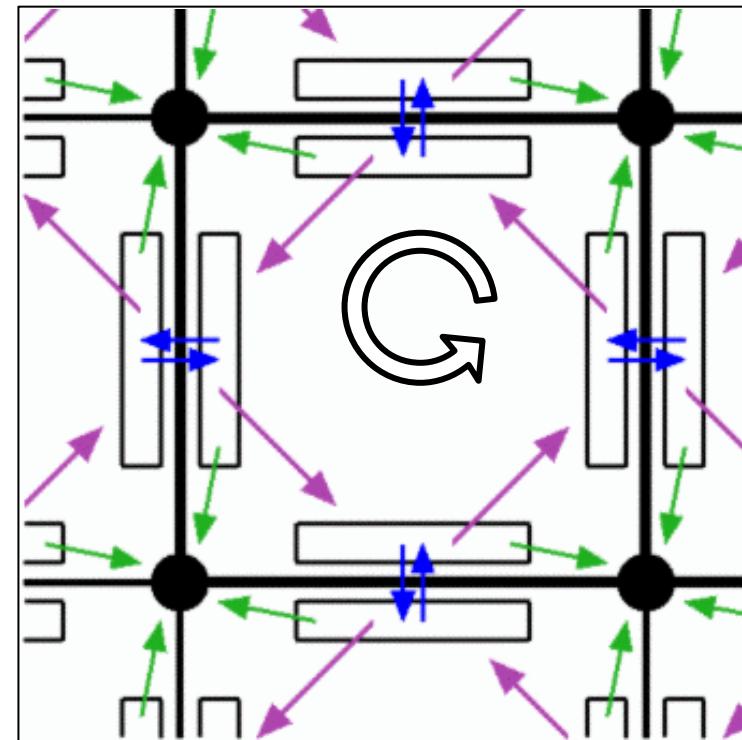
Halfedge

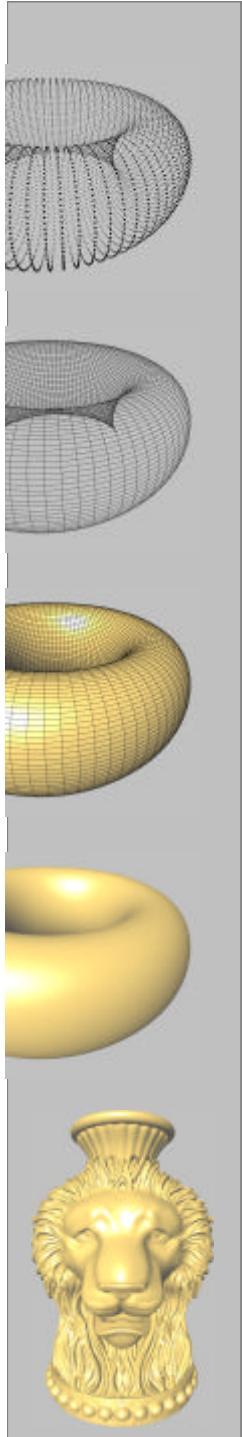
Associated with:

- 1 vertex
- 1 edge
- 1 facet

3 references:

- vertex
- opposite halfedge
- facet





Halfedges

Geometry:

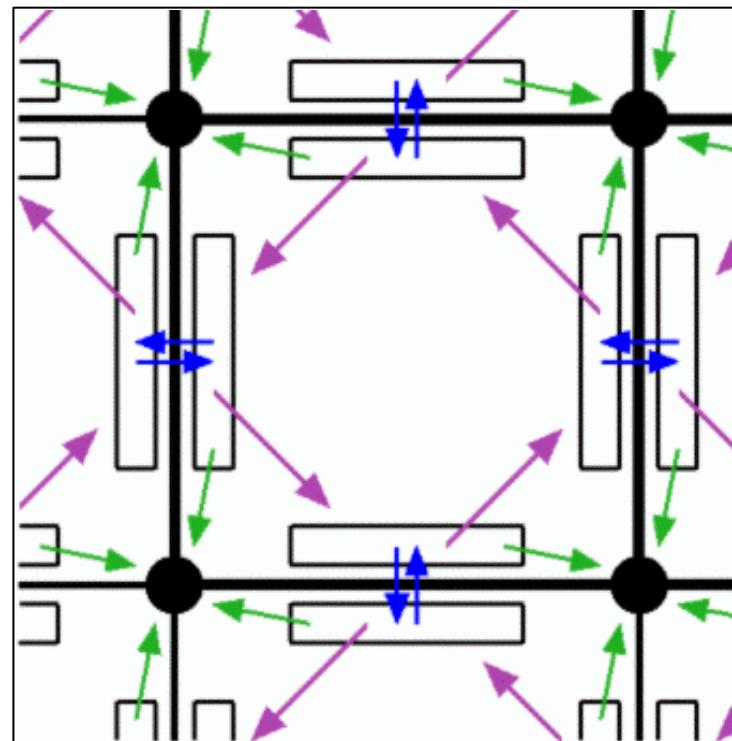
- vertices

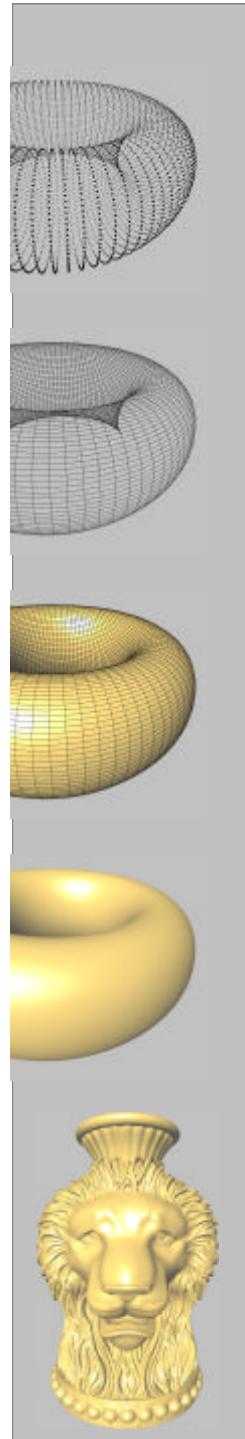
Attributes:

- on vertices
- on halfedges
- on facets

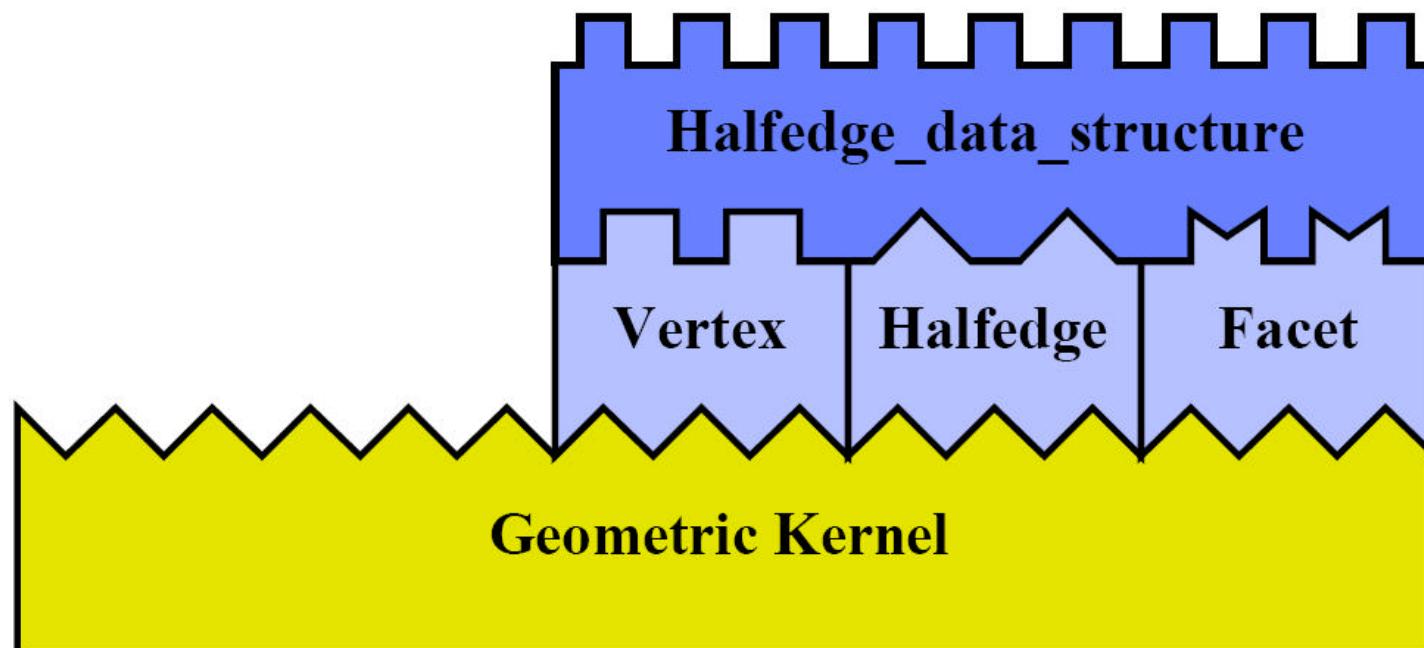
Connectivity:

- halfedges only



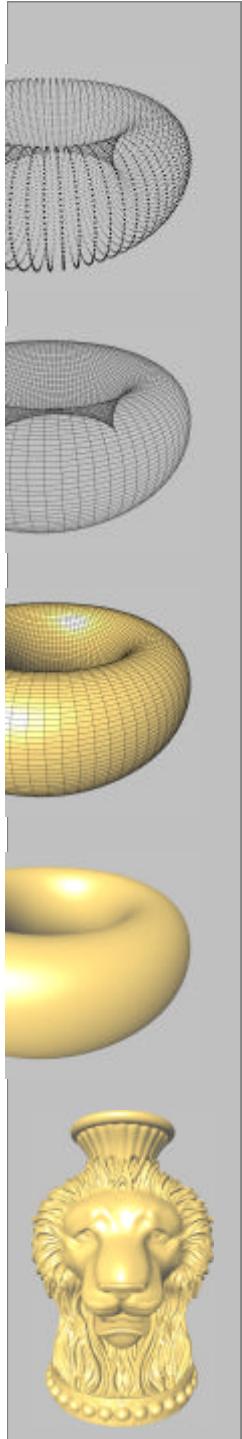


Building Blocks

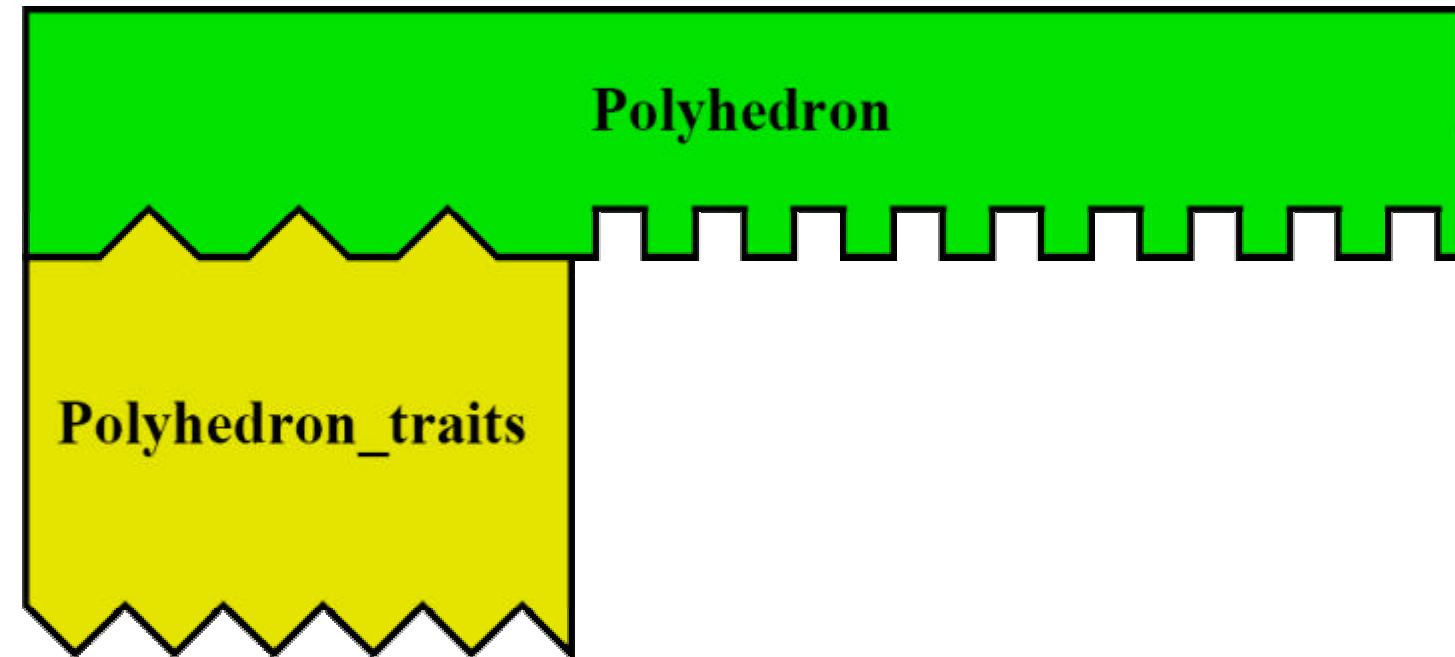


<http://www.cgal.org>



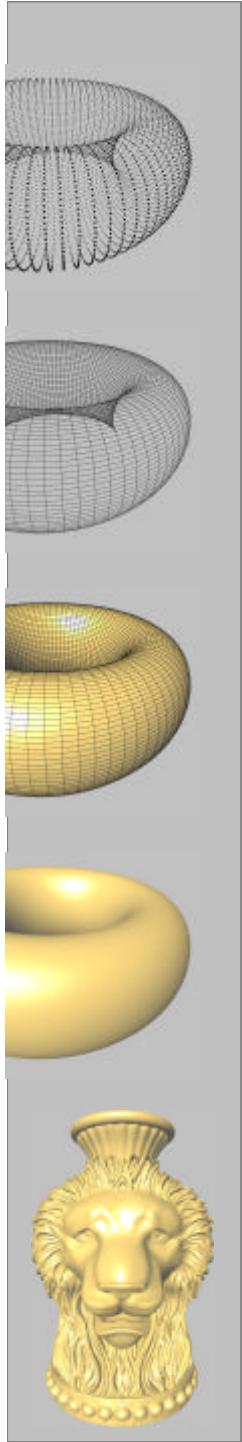


Building Blocks



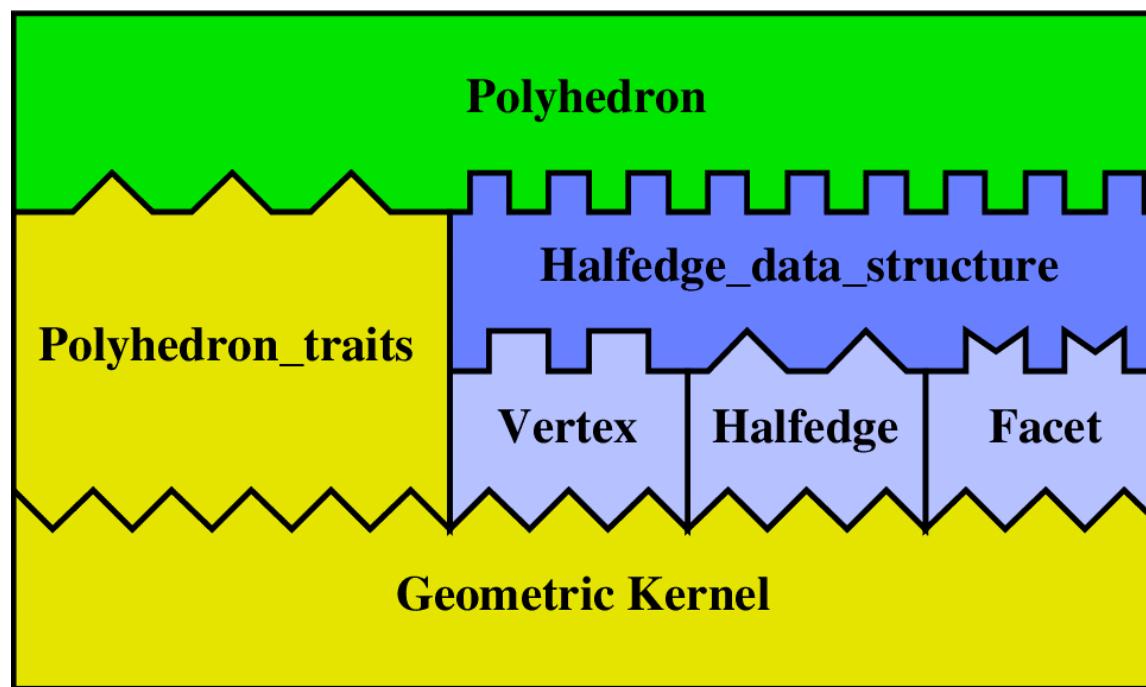
<http://www.cgal.org>





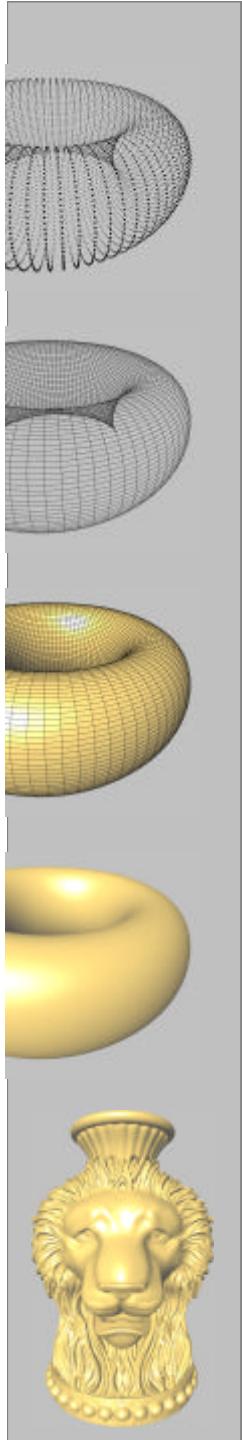
Polyhedral Surfaces

Building blocks assembled with C++
templates



<http://www.cgal.org>





Polyhedral Surface

Polyhedron

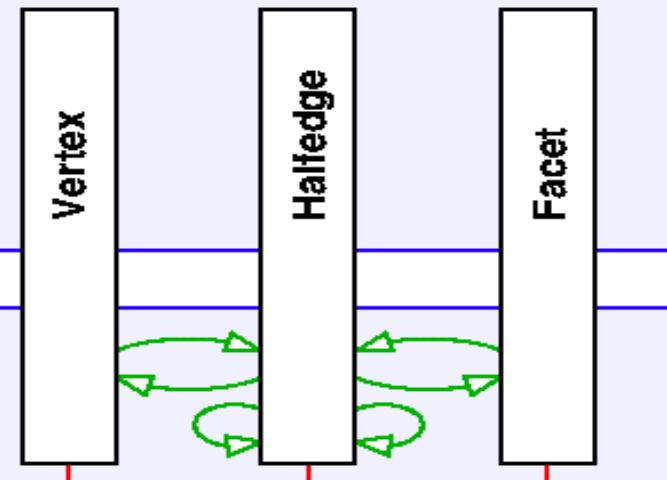
- provides ease- of- use
- protects combinatorial integrity
- defines circulators
- defines extended vertex, halfedge, facet

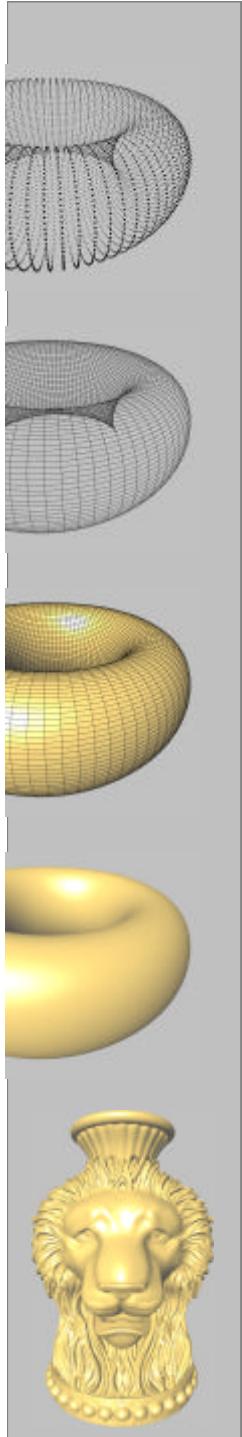
Halfedge_data_structure

- manages storage (container class)
- defines iterators

Items

- stores actual information
- contains user added data and functions



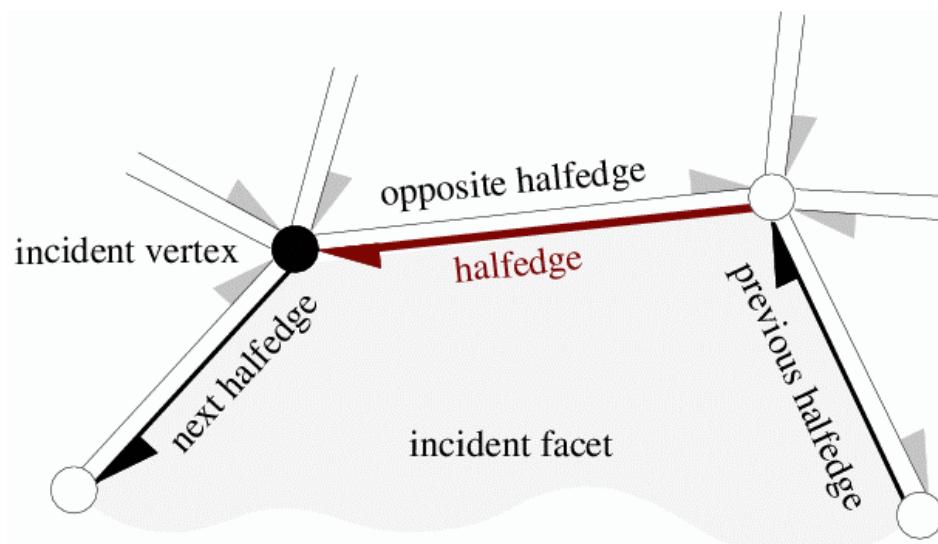


Default Polyhedron

Vertex
Halfedge_handle halfedge()
Point& point()
..... ...

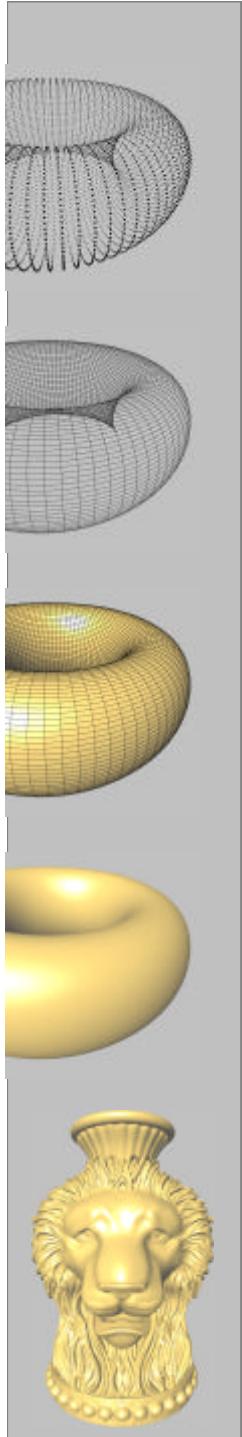
Halfedge
Halfedge_handle opposite()
Halfedge_handle next()
Halfedge_handle prev()
Vertex_handle vertex()
Facet_handle facet()
..... ...

Facet
Halfedge_handle halfedge()
Plane& plane()
Normal& normal()
Color& color()
..... ...



<http://www.cgal.org>



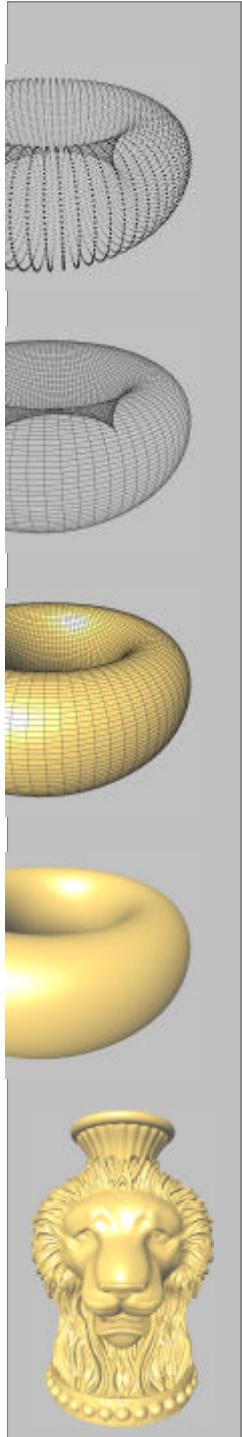


Default Polyhedron

```
typedef CGAL::Simple_cartesian<double> Kernel;
typedef Kernel::Point_3 Point_3;
typedef CGAL::Polyhedron_3<Kernel> Polyhedron;
typedef Polyhedron::Vertex_iterator Vertex_iterator;

int main() {
    Point_3 p( 1.0, 0.0, 0.0);
    Point_3 q( 0.0, 1.0, 0.0);
    Point_3 r( 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
    Point_3 s( 0.0, 0.0, 0.0);

    Polyhedron P;
    P.make_tetrahedron( p, q, r, s);
    for (Vertex_iterator v = P.vertices_begin();
         v != P.vertices_end(); ++v)
        std::cout << v->point() << std::endl;
}
```

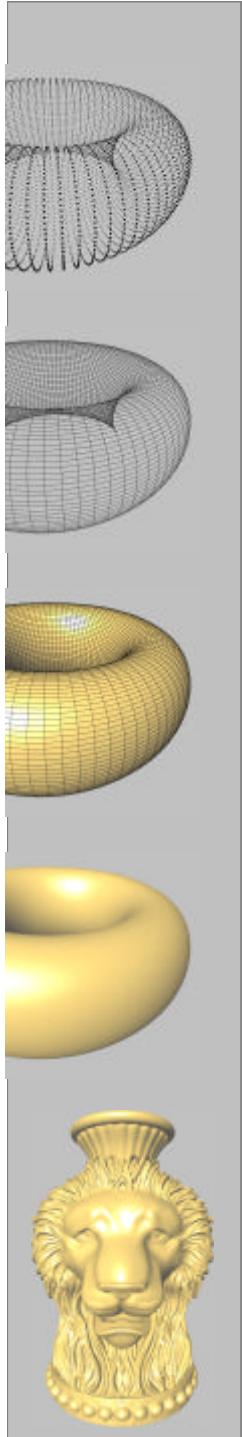


Extending Primitives

```
typedef CGAL::Polyhedron_3< Traits,  
                           CGAL::Polyhedron_items_3,  
                           CGAL::HalfedgeDS_default> Polyhedron;  
  
class Polyhedron_items_3 {  
public:  
  
    template < class Refs, class Traits>  
    struct Vertex_wrapper {  
        typedef typename Traits::Point_3 Point;  
        typedef CGAL::HalfedgeDS_vertex_base<Refs, CGAL::Tag_true, Point> Vertex;  
    };  
  
    template < class Refs, class Traits>  
    struct Halfedge_wrapper {  
        typedef CGAL::HalfedgeDS_halfedge_base<Refs> Halfedge;  
    };  
  
    template < class Refs, class Traits>  
    struct Face_wrapper {  
        typedef typename Traits::Plane_3 Plane;  
        typedef CGAL::HalfedgeDS_face_base<Refs, CGAL::Tag_true, Plane> Face;  
    };  
};
```

<http://www.cgal.org>





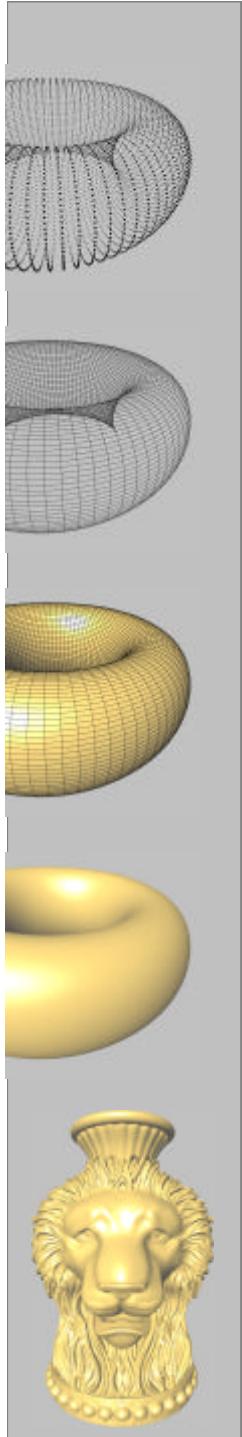
Add Color to Facets

```
template <class Refs>
struct CFace : public CGAL::HalfedgeDS_face_base<Refs>{
    CGAL::Color color;
};

// ...

typedef CGAL::Simple_cartesian<double>           Kernel;
typedef CGAL::Polyhedron_3<Kernel, ...>      Polyhedron;
typedef Polyhedron::Halfedge_handle    Halfedge_handle;

int main() {
    Polyhedron P;
    Halfedge_handle h = P.make_tetrahedron();
    h->facet()->color = CGAL::RED;
    return 0;
}
```

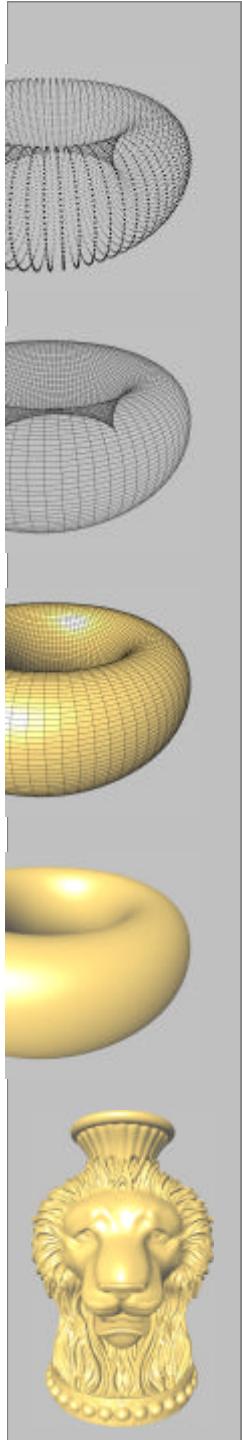


Add Color to Facets

```
template <class Refs>
struct CFace : public CGAL::HalfedgeDS_face_base<Refs>{
    CGAL::Color color;
};

struct CItems : public CGAL::Polyhedron_items_3 {
    template <class Refs, class Traits>
    struct Face_wrapper {
        typedef CFace<Refs> Face;
    };
};

typedef CGAL::Simple_cartesian<double> Kernel;
typedef CGAL::Polyhedron_3<Kernel, CItems> Polyhedron;
```



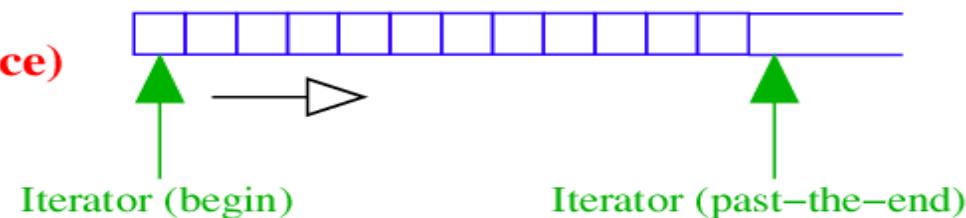
Traversal

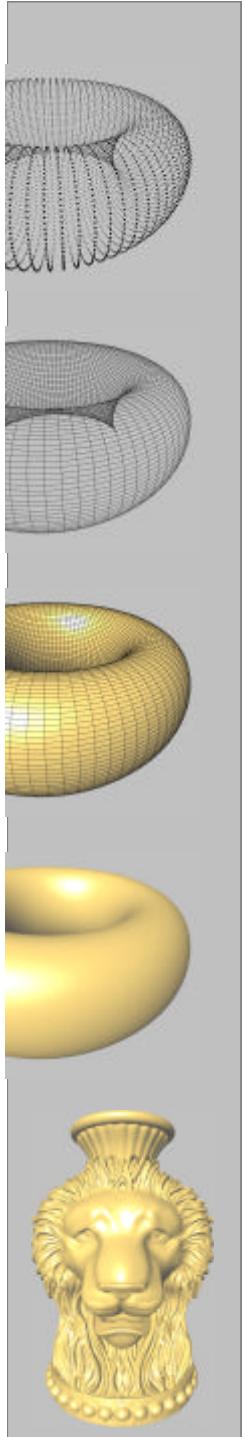
<http://www.cgal.org>



Iterators

**Container
(linear sequence)**



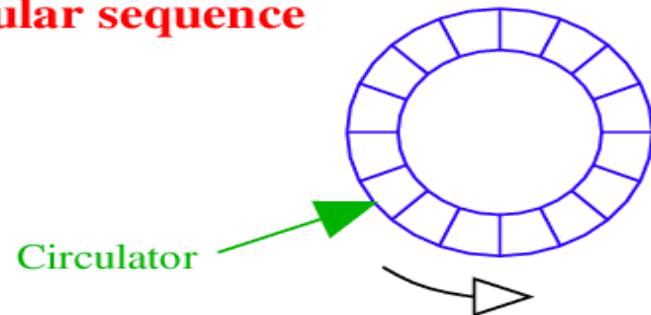


Iterators and Circulators

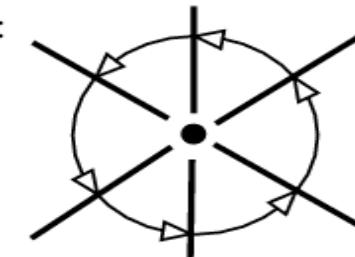
**Container
(linear sequence)**

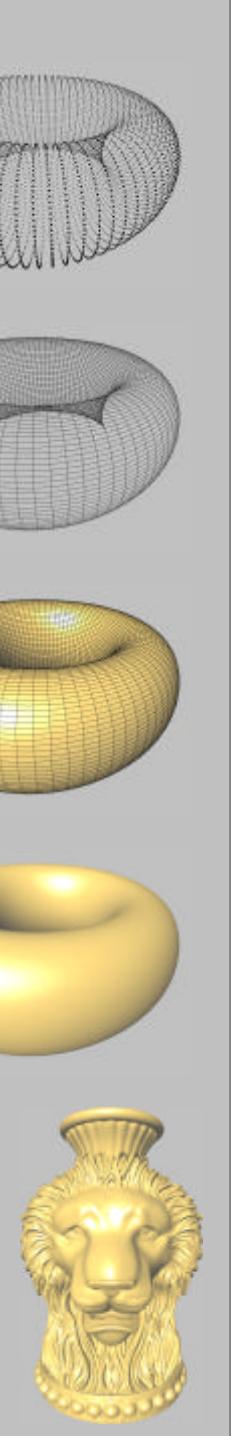


Circular sequence



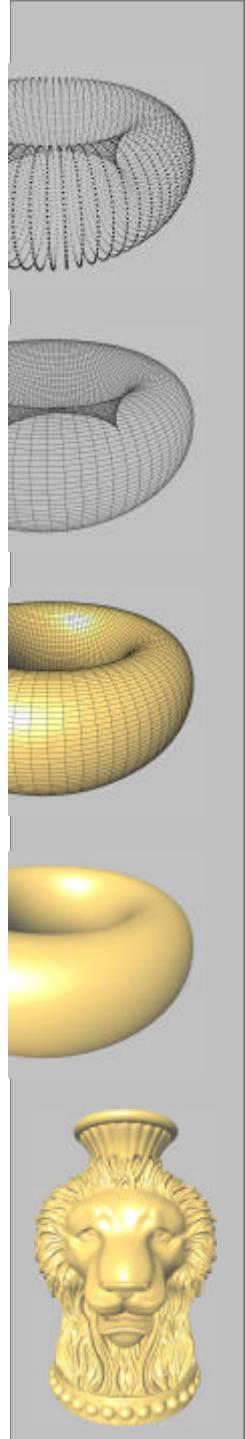
For example:
graph vertex





Iteration

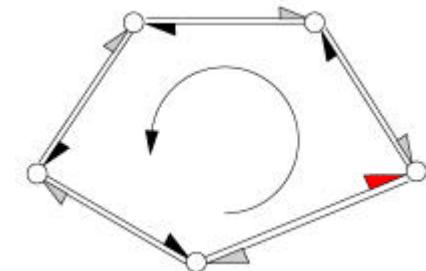
```
Vertex_iterator iter;  
for( iter = polyhedron.vertices_begin();  
     iter != polyhedron.vertices_end();  
     iter++)  
{  
    Vertex_handle hVertex = iter;  
    // do something with hVertex  
}
```

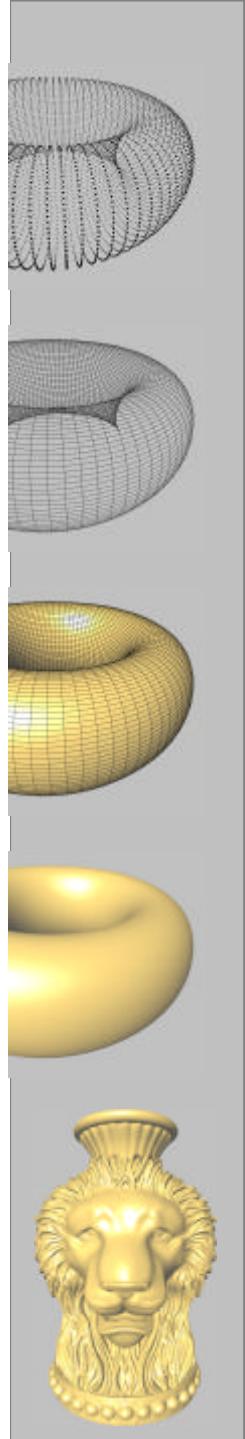


Circulation

```
// circulate around hFacet
Halfedge_around_facet_circulator circ =
    hFacet->facet_begin();
Halfedge_around_facet_circulator end = circ;

CGAL_For_all(circ,end)
{
    Halfedge_handle hHalfedge = circ;
    // do something with hHalfedge
}
```

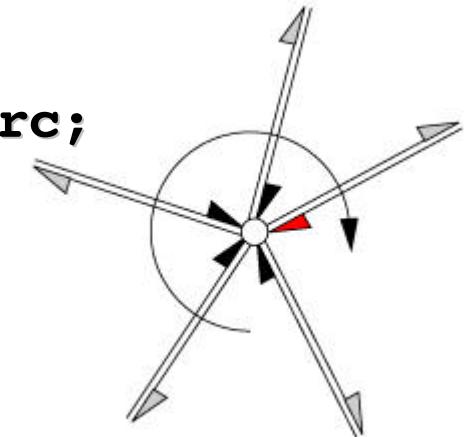


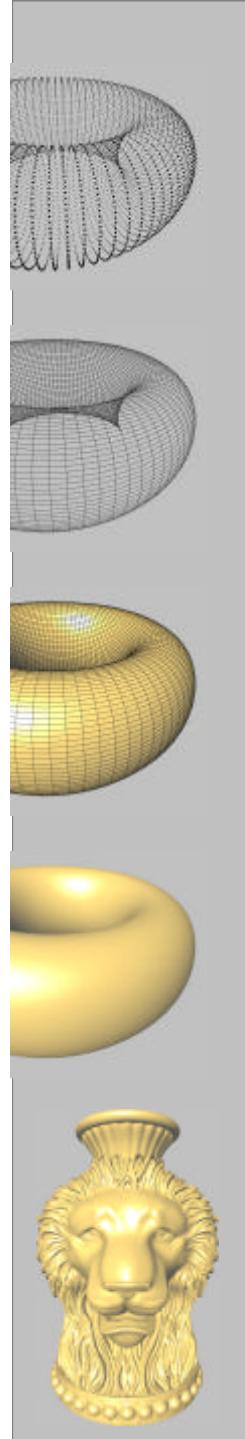


Circulation

```
// circulate around hVertex
Halfedge_around_vertex_circulator circ =
    hVertex->vertex_begin();
Halfedge_around_vertex_circulator end = circ;

CGAL_For_all(circ,end)
{
    Halfedge_handle hHalfedge = circ;
    // do something with hHalfedge
}
```



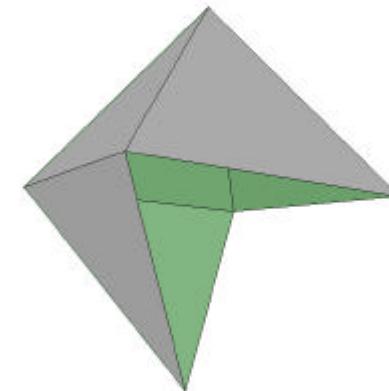


File I/O

I/O: OFF indexed format

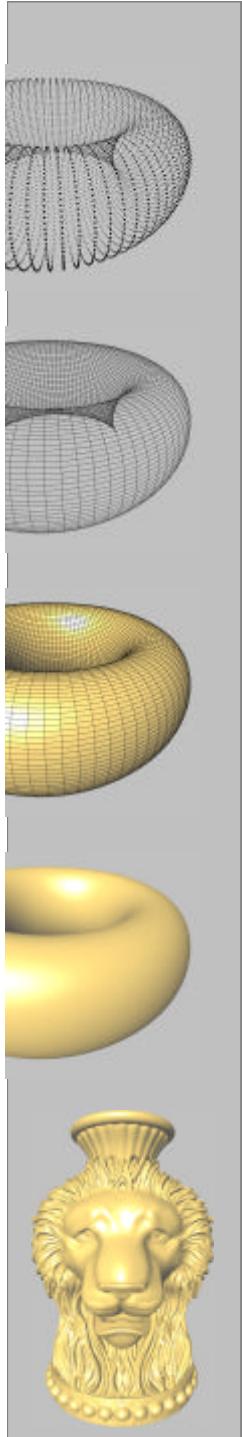
Output: vrml1-2, iv, geomview

```
OFF
6 6 0
0.000000 1.686000 0.000000
1.192000 0.000000 -1.192000
-1.192000 0.000000 -1.192000
-1.192000 0.000000 1.192000
1.192000 0.000000 1.192000
0.000000 -1.68600 0.000000
3 0 4 1
3 1 5 2
3 2 3 0
3 1 2 0
3 3 4 0
3 3 2 5
```



<http://www.cgal.org>



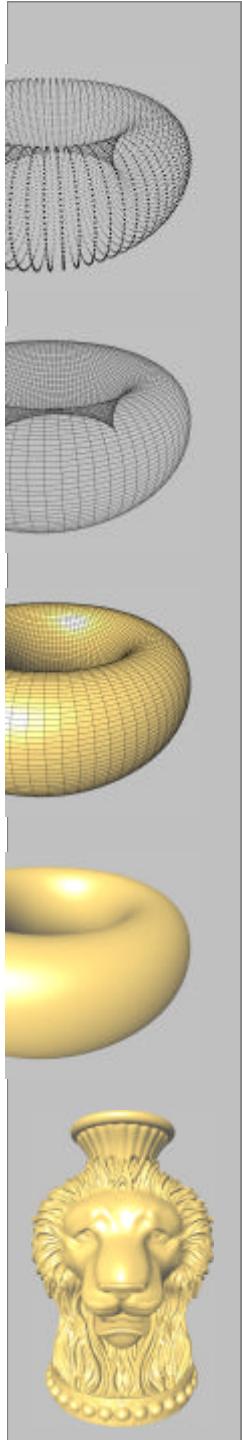


Applications

- Rendering
- Subdivision Surfaces
- Algorithms on Meshes
 - Simplification
 - Approximation
 - Remeshing
 - Smoothing
 - Compression
- Etc.

<http://www.cgal.org>

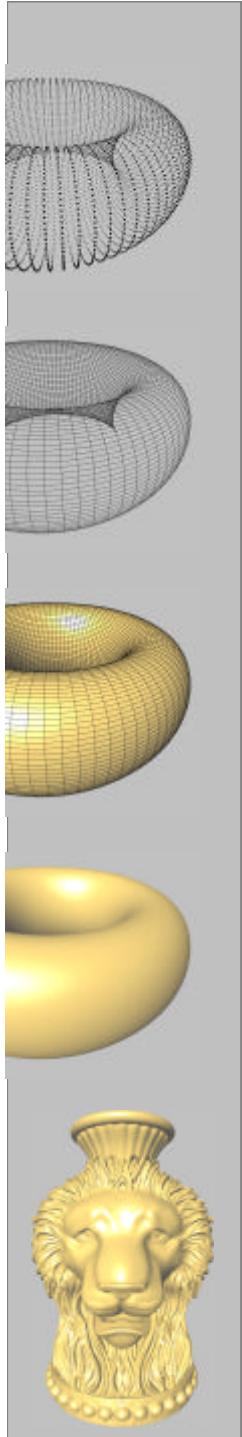




Warm-Up Exercises

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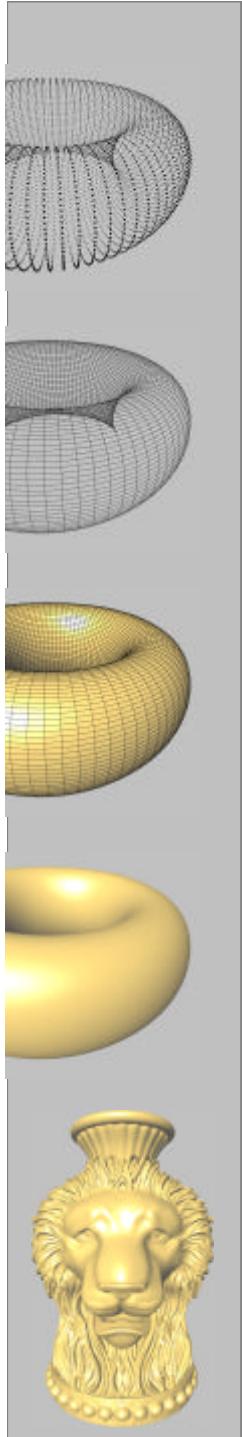


Highlight Boundary Edges

Notes:

```
bool halfedge->is_border();
```

```
// change color  
::glColor3f(r,g,b); // in [0.0f-1.0f]  
// Assemble primitive
```

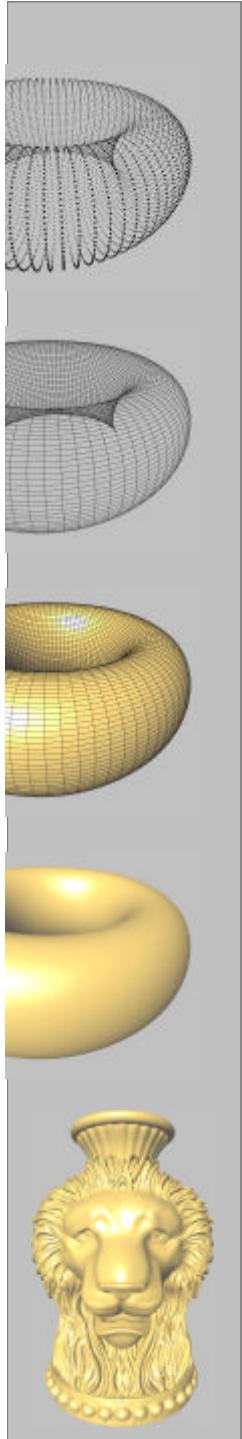


Render all Facets as Polygons

```
typedef Polyhedron::Facet_iterator Facet_iterator;
typedef Polyhedron::Halfedge_around_facet_circulator
                           Halfedge_facet_circulator;

for (Facet_iterator i = P.facets_begin();
     i != P.facets_end();
     ++i)
{
    Halfedge_facet_circulator j = i->facet_begin();

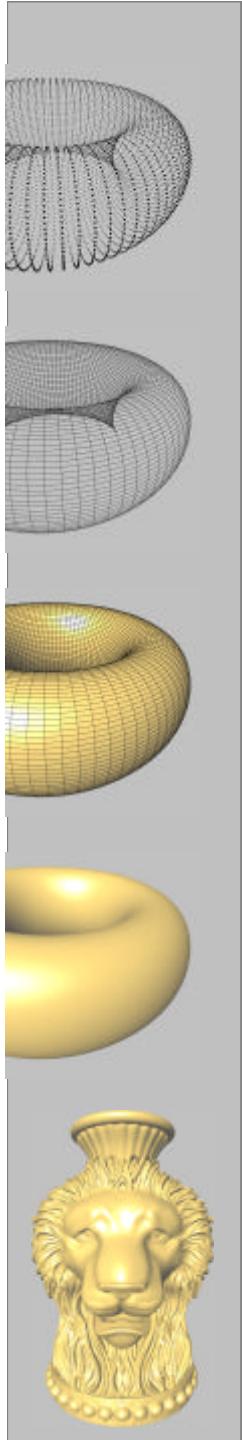
    ::glBegin(GL_POLYGON);
    do
        ::glVertex3d(j->vertex()->point().x(),
                     j->vertex()->point().y(),
                     j->vertex()->point().z());
    while( ++j != i->facet_begin());
    ::glEnd();
}
```



Exercices Around Combinatorics

<http://www.cgal.org>





Combinatorial Genus

- Enumerate connected components
- Enumerate boundaries
- Deduce genus using Euler formula