

# Barbados 2011

Progress report session

Monday February 5th

## 1 Simultaneous drawings without mapping

progress by Vida

It is possible to draw any planar graph on a  $n^2$  point grid.

Is it possible to beat the  $n^2$  size for planar straight line drawing (open for years) ?

Same question allowing bends ?

**Result:**

With 3 bends edges, set of points  $O(n)$  size.

With 2 bends edges, set of points  $O(n \log n)$  size.

With 1 bend edges, set of points  $O(\frac{n^2}{\log n})$  size.

If graph is sub-hamiltonian

then with 2 bends edges, set of points  $O(n)$  size.

With 1 bend edges, set of points  $O(n \log n)$  size.

## 2 Homomological simplification

progress by Dominique, Marc, Olivier

**Result:** It is NP-complete even with 3D embedding.

$L \subset X \subset K$ ,

$L, K$  given find  $X$  that has the complexity of  $L$  that remains in  $K$ .

We constructs gadgets:

variables are a cycle in  $L + 2$  hemispheres in  $K$

clauses are baloon with stribes that attach on the variables separated in 3 faces in  $K$  in  $L$  we have only boundary of the faces with a small holes at the place it attach on the variables.

## 3 ‡ extreme points

progress by Xavier

**Result:** the convex hull size of random points in a disk is increasing when  $n$  is big enough.

**Result:** the convex hull size of even (resp. odd) number of random points in a square is increasing when  $n$  is big enough.

see separate document

## 4 Norm maximization problem

**problem and progress by Christian**

**Problem:** What is the furthest vertex from the origin in an intersection of half spaces in dimensions  $d$  ?

Known to be NP-hard by reduction to PARTITION.

**Progress:** new reduction to finding a  $d$ -clique in some graph, gives complexity of  $n^{O(d)}$ .

Lower bound in  $n^{\Omega(d)}$ .

## 5 MADEST problem

**problem and progress by Christian**

**Problem:** Minimum Average Distance Euclidean Spanning Tree

Given a set of points, find the spanning tree that minimize the sum of distances in the tree for all pairs.

This tree can have crossings. EMST can be bad.

NP-hard ? (Known to be NP-hard in the graph model).

Polynomial approximation scheme exists.

Link between MADEST and problem asked by Raimund (triangulation of a simple polygon instead of tree).

**Progress:**